Addition of αβ-Unsaturated Aldehydes to Quinone Systems: a New Annelation Reaction

By G. Casiraghi, G. Casnati,* and G. Salerno (Istituto Policattedra di Chimica Organica, Università, 43100 Parma, Italy)

 \mathbb{R}^1 \mathbb{R}^2 R3 R4 R^{5} (IV) a; Me Н Η (III)a; Me Me H Η b; Me Me Me Me C₁₅H₃₁ Me H H Me d; Me -C₄H₄-- H

Summary $\alpha\beta$ -Unsaturated aldehydes react with quinones in the presence of ethoxymagnesium bromide to give polycyclic products.

We have found that quinones of the type (I) react with $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated aldehydes (II) in boiling benzene in the presence of ethoxymagnesium bromide (1 mol) to give the corresponding annelation products (III) or, when R=H, the related dehydro-compounds (IV).

The products and yields are summarised in the Table. The reaction is extremely sensitive to the nature of the base and does not occur when sodium alkoxides or aryloxides are used. Successful syntheses of anthraquinone (IVb) from benzoquinone and crotonaldehyde, and of tectoquinone¹ (IVd) from β -methylcrotonaldehyde and 1,4-naphthoquinone, suggest that this novel annelation method may be applicable to the preparation of many polycyclic quinones.

(Received, 24th March 1972; Com. 496.)

	Table	
Aldehyde	Quinone	Products ^a and yields (%) ^b
Crotonaldehyde	1,4-Benzoquinone	(IVa) 6.0 , (IVb) (12.0)
Crotonaldehyde	Methylbenzoquinone	(IVc) 15·0
Crotonaldehyde	Trimethylbenzoquinone	(IIIa) 20·0
Crotonaldehyde	2-Methylnaphthoquinone	(IIId) 5·4
Pent-2-enal	2,6-Dimethylbenzoquinone	(IIIc) 18·0
Phytal	Trimethylbenzoquinone	(IIIb) 24 ·0
β-Methylcrotonaldehyde	Naphthoquinone	(IVd) 27·0

^a Structures follow from spectroscopic data or from comparison with authentic specimens. ^b Determined by g.l.c.

¹ R. H. Thomson, 'Naturally Occurring Quinones,' Academic Press, London, 1971, p. 368.